

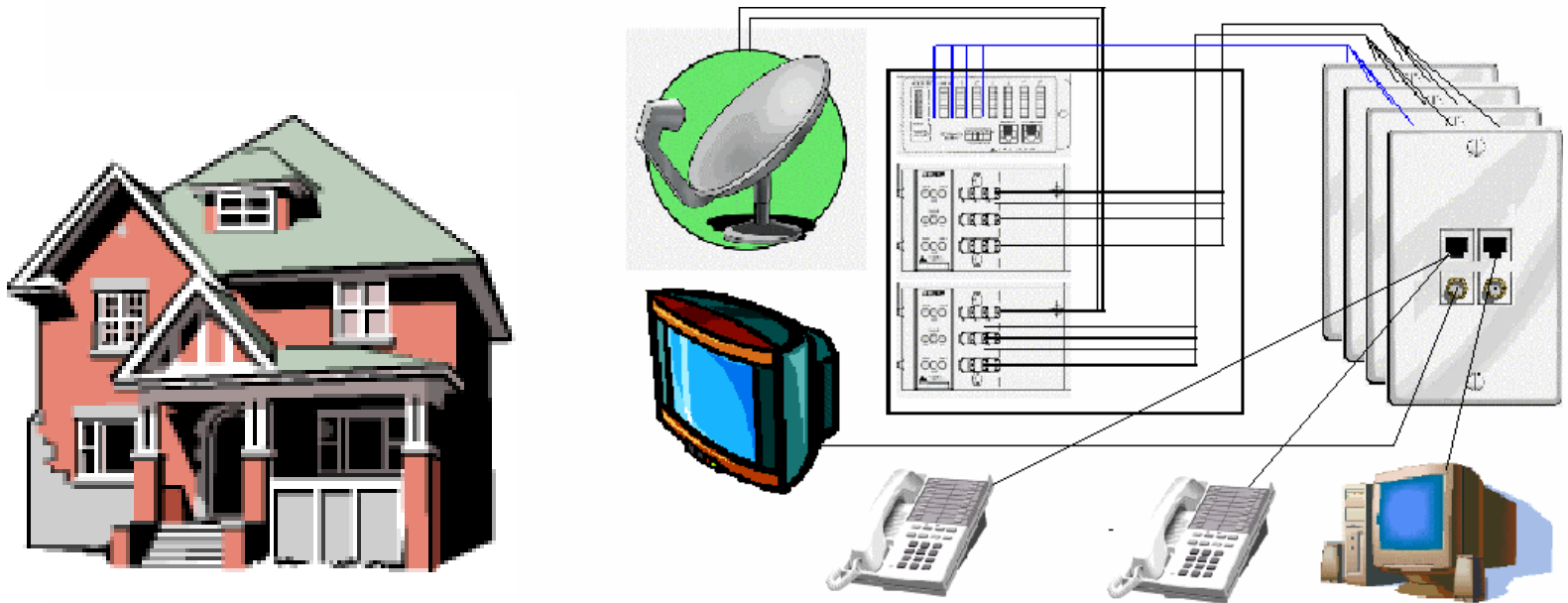
# *DataComm Relevant Tools*



**To order: 087-929-3178**

# DataComm Tools

- **Used in the project of every field of Voice/Data/Video communication networks**
- **Also used in the project of Security, Alarms, Sensors, Intercoms system**



# *The Physical Medium of Comm.*



4-pair UTP/STP (Unshielded/Shield Twisted Pair) cable  
(Cat.5/5e/6 or higher )



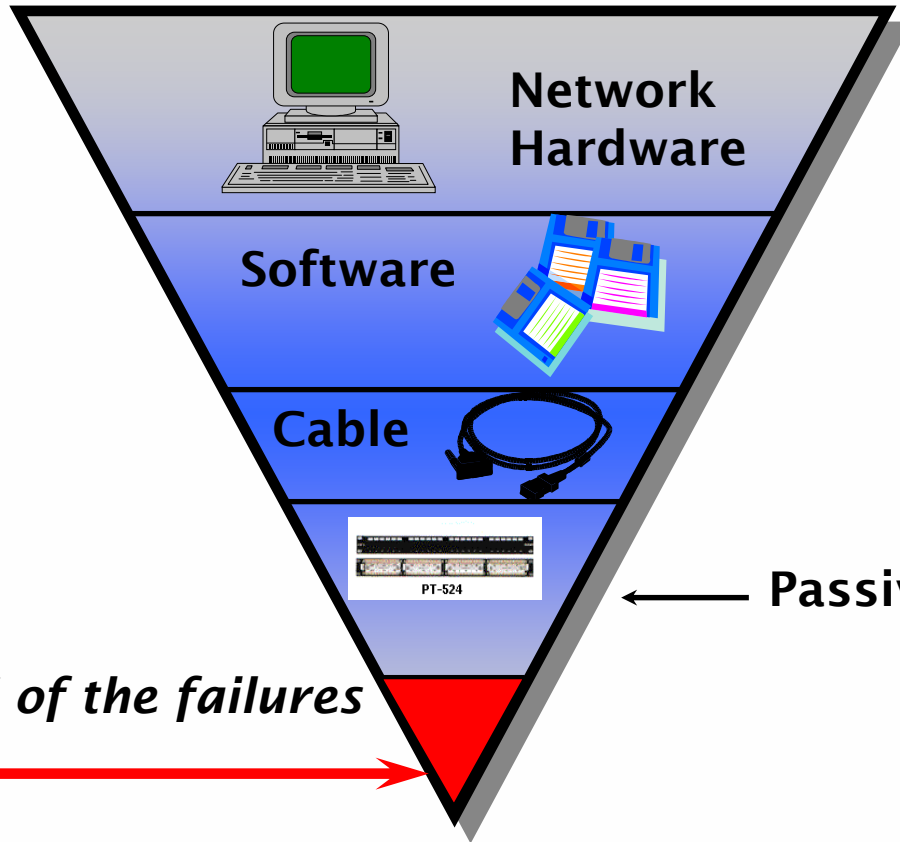
- Coax cable (75Ω, 50Ω)



- Optical cable or fiber



# Communications market pyramid



Network Hardware

Software

Cable

Passive Hardware

PT-524

*5% of job cost, 75% of the failures*  
Termination

The use of **quality tools** & connectors help ensure the termination

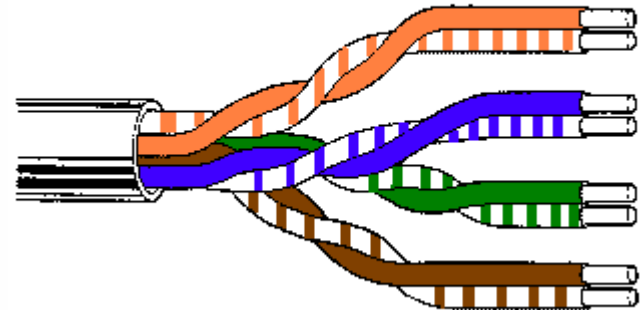
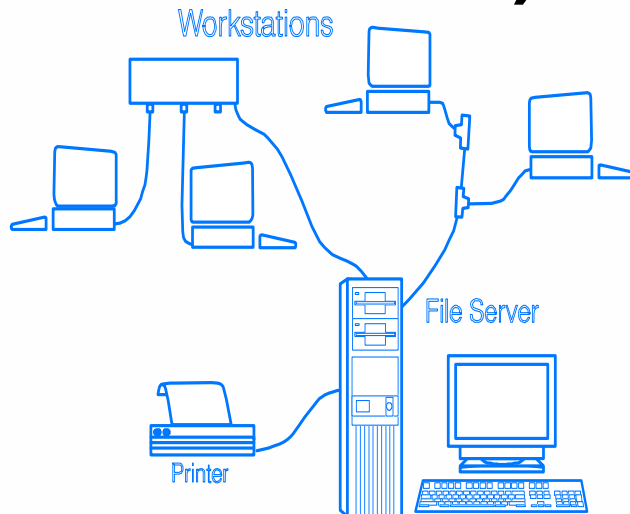
# *IDEAL CSTT - System Solution*

- **4 Things done to 3 kinds of cable**
  - **C**ut
  - **S**trip
  - **T**erminate
  - **T**est
- **Cable Types**
  - Twisted Pair
  - Coaxial
  - Fiber Optic



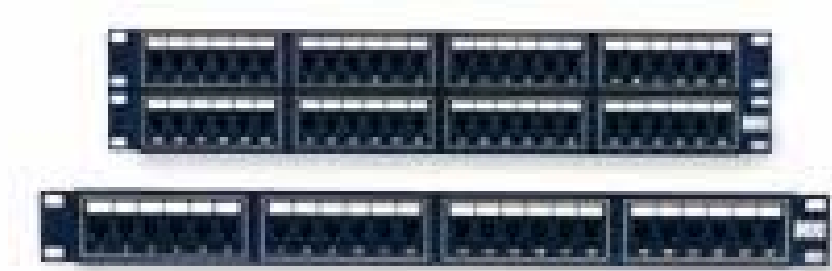
# *Process Twisted pairs cable*

- **Used in almost every new network installation today** (*except fiber*)
- **Used in new telephone installations** (**Cat 3 minimum**)



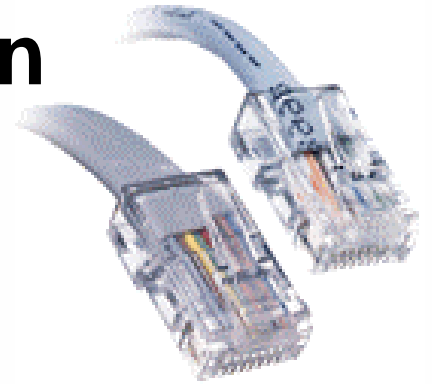
# *Termination types*

- **Modular Plugs**
- **Modular Jacks**
- **Modular Patch Panels & Block**



# Modular Plugs

- **Least used type of termination**
- **Most difficult**
- **Most frustrating**
- **Most time consuming**
- **Used in:**
  - Commercial Applications w/no Patch Panels, typically smaller installations
  - Some Residential Distribution Centers





# *Let's pull out:*

- **UTP Cable**
- **RJ-45 Plugs**
- **UTP Stripper**
- **Data T-Cutter**
- **CrimpMaster**



Page **F-12~14**

# *Stripping UTP*

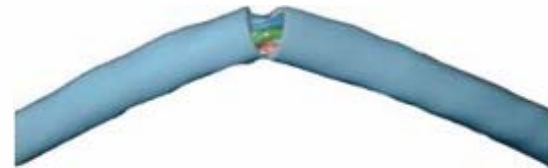
- **45-165 UTP Stripper**
- **Adjustable blade depth prevents nicks to copper conductors**
- **Replaceable blade**



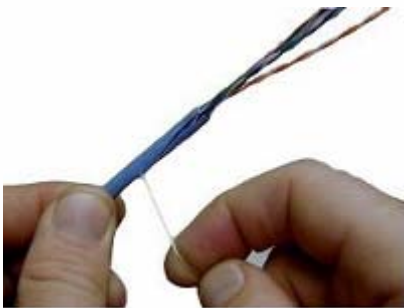
# Stripping UTP



**Ring cable about 3" from end to score sheathing**



**Bend cable to separate at score mark, remove scrap sheathing (slug)**



**Pulling ripcord through sheathing assures that there will be no nicks in center conductor**



**Cut away excess sheathing and ripcord**

# Terminating UTP



- Put all conductors in order, parallel and touching



2. Cut excess off, leaving NO MORE than 1/2"

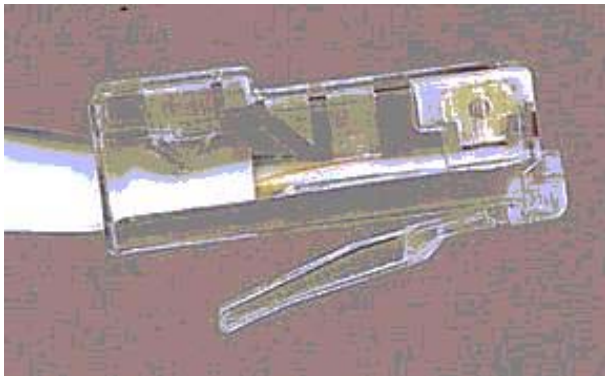


3. Put connector on, seating all conductors fully



4. Crimp connector, using a ratcheting connector

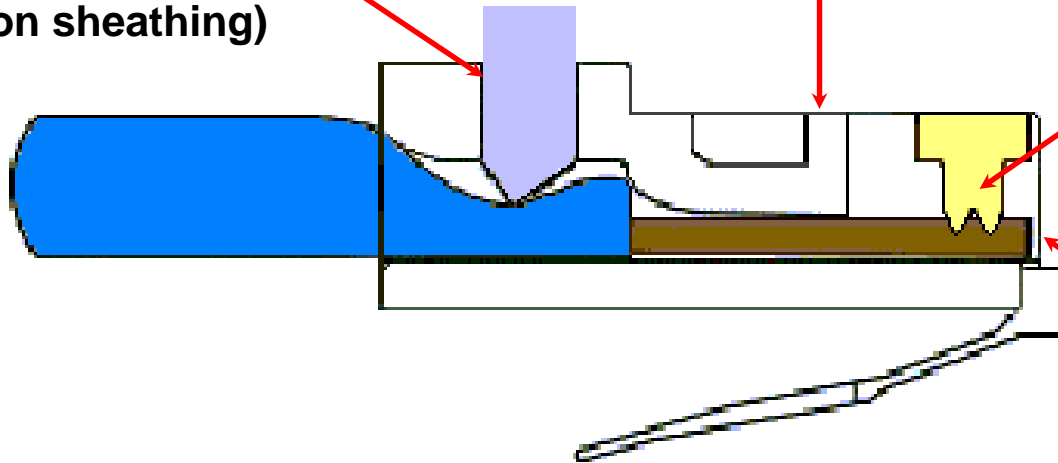
# Modular Plugs



**Primary Strain Relief  
(on sheathing)**

**Secondary Strain Relief  
(on conductors)**

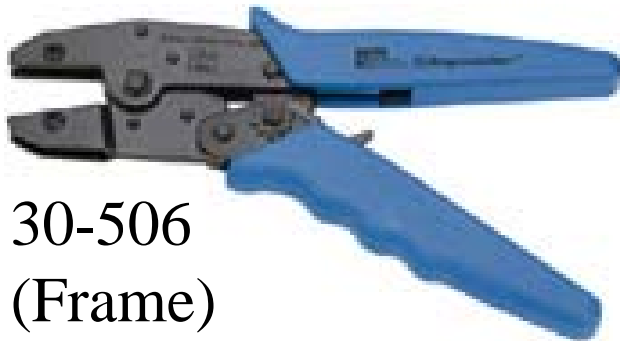
**IDC Contact Point  
(Insulation Displacement)**



**Conductors MUST  
be inserted past the  
IDC point**

# *Terminating UTP*

- **Use a ratcheting-style crimper to terminate network connections**
- **Assures the same crimp every time**
- **Reduces failure rate tremendously**



30-506  
(Frame)  
page F-14



30-696  
page F-11

# Modular Jacks



- Place orange pair in corresponding slot with sheathing up against back of jack. **DO NOT UNTWIST WIRES!**



2. Push conductors into slots



3. Punch down each conductor, cutting edge out



4. Repeat procedure for other pairs separate where necessary



5. Terminated jack



6. Place dust caps over conductors

# Modular Punchdowns

- **Used in telephone & data applications**
  - Cross Connects
  - Patch Panels
  - Modular Jacks



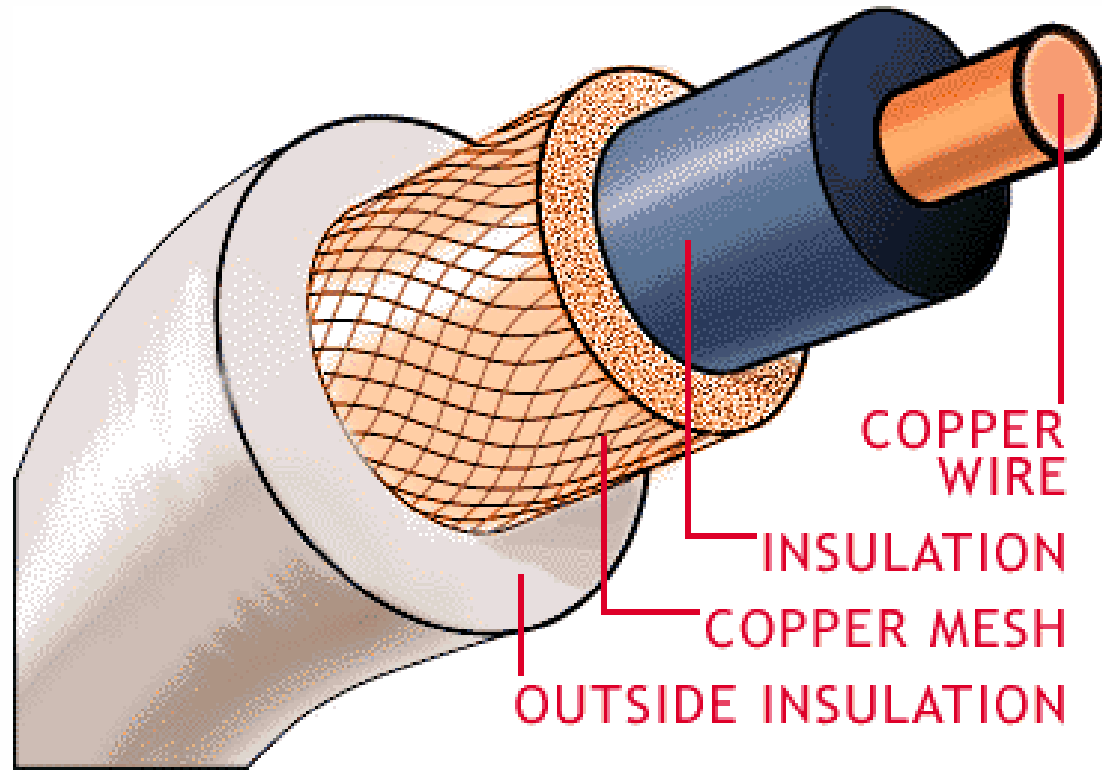


# Modular punchdowns

- **Most often used termination**
- **Easiest to master**
- **Can still be a great cause of termination failures**
- **Adjustable high-low setting**
- **Convenient blade storage**
- **Interchangeable blades for:**
  - 110
  - 66
  - BIX
  - Krone

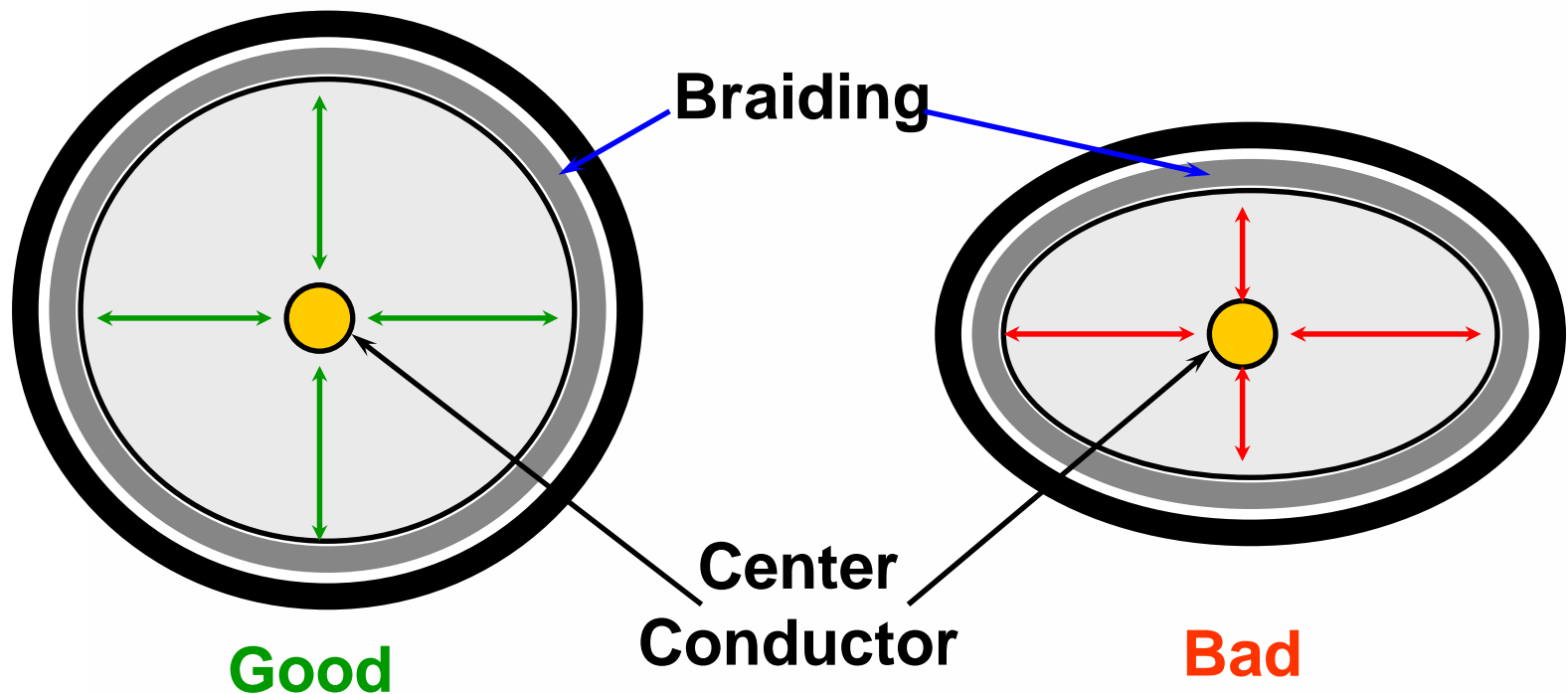


# Process Coax cable



# Coaxial geometry

- Braiding needs to be equidistant from center conductor for signal integrity



*These just won't do...*



**Flattened Cable**

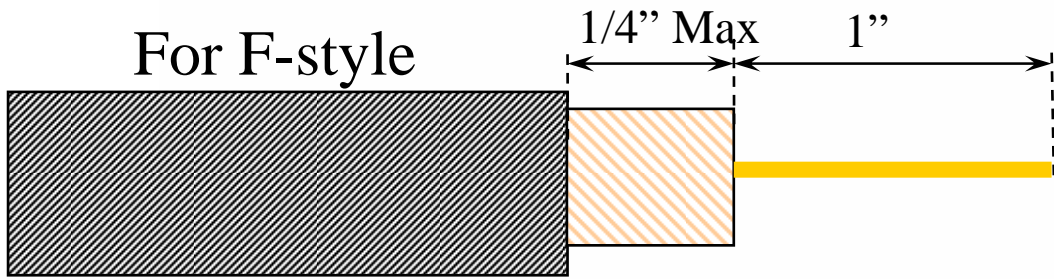


*But these will*

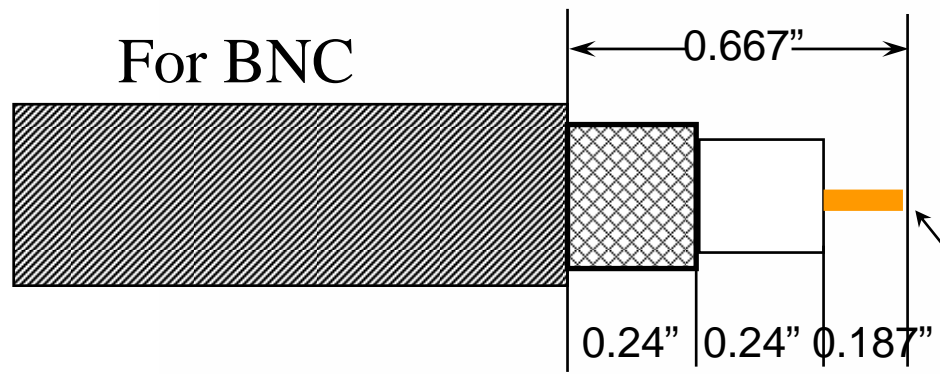
- **Curved cutting blades will reduce distortion of the cable**
- **Data T-Cutters for Coax and UTP**



# Stripping Coax for F-style & BNC



**45-524 Coax Stripper**



■ **45-262 Stripmaster<sup>®</sup>**



**Cut center conductor with 35-060 Center Conductor Cutter**



**30-433 Combo Tool**

Page **F-12~14**

# *Stripping coax with the Stripmaster<sup>®</sup>*



**1. Place cable in smaller hole 1/2" protruding**



**2. Squeeze handles together firmly & quickly**



**3. Place cable in larger hole 1/4" protruding, squeeze**



**4. Stripped cable**

## *45-520 Coax Stripper*

- **Quick and accurate**
- **Replaceable cassette blades**
- **Fully adjustable**
- **For popular crimp BNC connectors**
- **Can be used as F-style stripper by backing one blade out**





# Adjusting & Replacing Blade

## Adjusting blade



1. Remove hex wrench from handle



2. Insert wrench into adjusting grommets.  
Adjust by rotating 1/3 of way around at a time



3. Check by re-stripping cable.

## Replacing blade



- Pull front door open
- Lift cassette up & out
- Insert new cassette & close door

# Stripping for F-style



1. Set sliding window to cable size



2. Place cable in stripper with 1/8" protruding



3. Rotate stripper in direction of lettering



4. Remove cable from stripper



5. Remove slugs



6. Stripped cable for F-style

# Stripping for BNC



1. Set sliding window to cable size



2. Place cable in stripper with 1/4" protruding



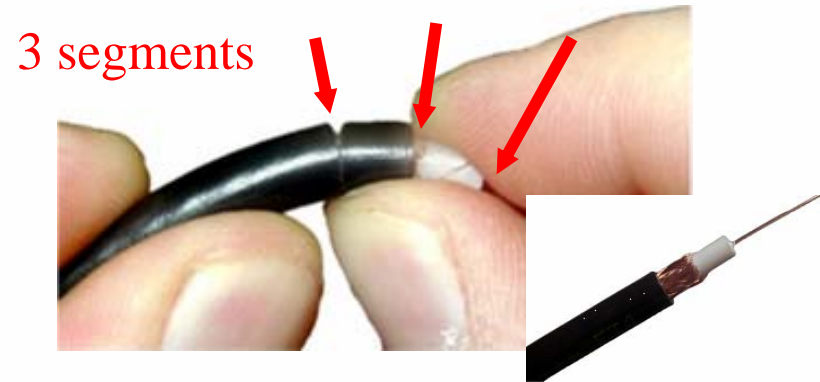
3. Rotate stripper in direction of lettering



4. Remove cable from stripper



5. Remove 1<sup>st</sup> two slugs



3 segments

6. Remove 3<sup>rd</sup> slug by bending cable

# Center Conductor Cutter 35-060



1. Stripped cable



2. Lay side of cutter **against** white dielectric, ensure center conductor length is 0.187" (about 4.8mm)

Cut center conductor with 35-060 Center Conductor Cutter

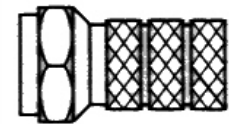
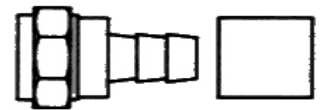
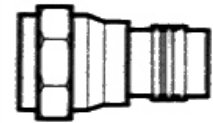


3. Finished cable

# About "F" Connectors

IDEAL has these connectors, see page F-22

- **One-piece**
  - Most preferred, easiest installation
- **Two-piece**
  - More pullout strength
- **Twist-on**
  - What twists on will twist off...



***The number one cause of video distribution problems is tightening F connectors finger tight. Tighten them with an F connector tool.***

## *F-Connector installation Tool*

- **Using leverage to install an F connector will seat every connector properly**
- **Most video signal problems are caused by loose connections. Tighten all connectors with an F-Connector tool.**



**35-046**

## *Coax Strip & Crimp Tool*

- **Cuts, Strips & Crimps RG-6 & RG-59**
- **No need to carry separate tools**
- **Good for occasional contractor use**
- **30-433**



## *Terminating coax - CrimpMaster™*

- **Consistency & repeatability**
- **More leverage, less installer fatigue**
- **The same crimp every time**
- **28 interchangeable dies**
- **For the installer with more than an occasional crimp to do**

The best Crimp tool

Page **F-14**





# *Terminating BNC Connectors*



1. Close CrimpMaster to 1/8" open



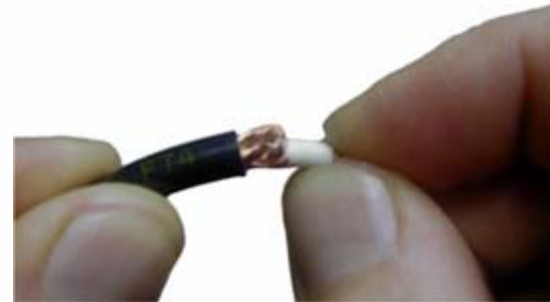
2. Place center contact pin point down into smallest crimp nest



**Wrong side up**



3. Place center conductor all the way into center contact pin and crimp



4. Rotate dielectric to bend back braiding

# *Terminating BNC Connectors*



1. **Seat connector body onto dielectric, underneath the braiding, listen for click of captive contact pin**



2. **Seat the ferrule against the connector body with equal, opposing force**



3. **Squeeze handles together completely**



4. **Finished Connector**

# *The newest connector and tools*



Figure 1



Figure 2

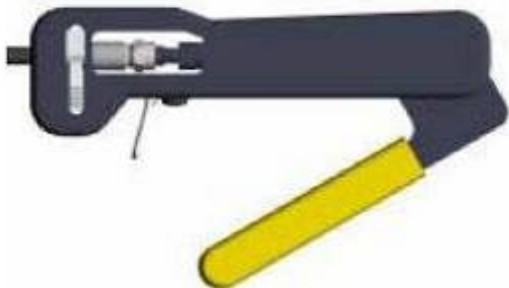


Figure 3



Figure 4



- Compression F&BNC connectors
- Fast and reliable solution to Coax projects
- Different types for different cables
- Permanent connection, connector never loose



30-603



30-703



30-633

*Yes, they're used...*



***No, they shouldn't***

*Best tools, work best!*

- IDEAL offers various “System Solution” kits

Page **F-16~19**



*It's time to talk about Optical*



*And God said, Let there be light: and  
there was light.*

*--Genesis The Old Testament*

# *Processing Optical Fiber*

**Cut - Strip - Clean - Scribe - Polish - Terminate - Inspect - Test**



# TEST & TESTERS

- The last step of CSTT system solution



- Verification
- Certification

See DataComm Tester Presentation



# *Questions*

More detailed information, PLS look at Catalog part F



# Questions?